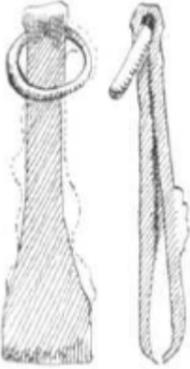
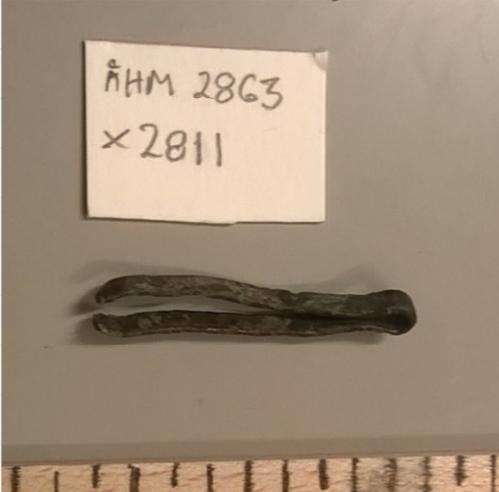
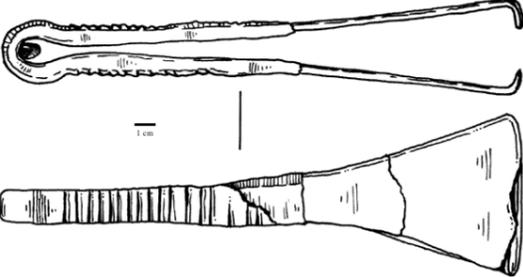
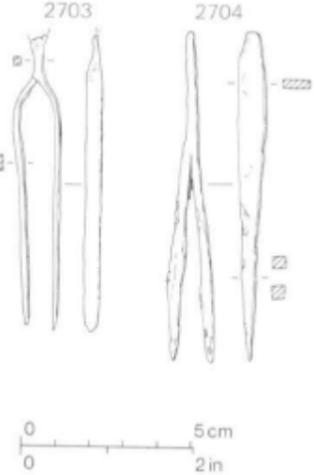


Limfjordslandet	Danmark/Nordtyskland	Norden	England/Irland	Længere væk
<p data-bbox="379 289 623 394">Pincet i jern (7,1 cm lang) fra grav 1299 Lindholm Høje gravplads - Thorkild Ramskov</p>   <p data-bbox="112 1247 326 1272">Pinzet, bronze, Sebber</p>		 <p data-bbox="1210 634 1727 684">Bronze. Grave find, Krämplösa, Hejde, Gotland, Sweden. SHM 10530. In the Historiska Museet, Stockholm.</p>	 <p data-bbox="1768 478 2309 697">A pair of fragmentary copper alloy tweezers (Find No 2226) was recovered from a Period 3 pit. The object consists of a fragment of suspensory end, with remnant of suspensory loop, with notched decoration. The flaring terminals of the tweezers were recovered separately but conjoin (Find No 2227 and 2228). The flared terminals are characteristic of many contemporary tweezers (cf Daniels 1988, 183; Rogers 1993, 1387; Hinton 1996, 45).</p>  <p data-bbox="1768 1037 2261 1117">Tweezers, Find Nos 2226, 2227 and 2228 recovered during excavation at Blue Bridge Lane and Fishergate House</p>  <p data-bbox="1768 1663 2285 1738">Pincet fra Coppergate Anglo-Scandinavian Ironwork from Coppergate - Patrick Ottaway</p>	

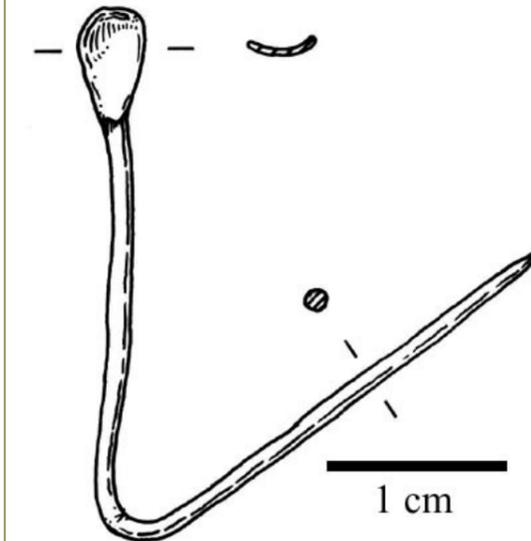


Viking age copper alloy tweezers stamped with ring-and-dot motifs, and a glass bead threaded onto the suspension ring that would have attached the



A possible ear scoop (Find No 2176) was recovered from Period 3 pit F381B and consists of a perforated broken copper-alloy strip with intact suspensory end and hoop, decorated with eight ring-and-dots. The end of the object is broken making determination of its function problematic. It seems possible that the object terminated with a simple scoop and is similar to an object from Southampton identified broadly as a toilet instrument (Hinton 1996, 45-6), although a pendant from the same site (ibid, 13) also appears quite similar. A second ear scoop (Find No 2129) was recovered from a Period 8 pit may be a residual find from Period 3. The object consists of a simple small scoop with plain handle and bears comparison to artefacts recovered from early Saxon cemeteries.

Find No 2176



Find No 2129
recovered during excavation at Blue Bridge Lane and Fishergate House

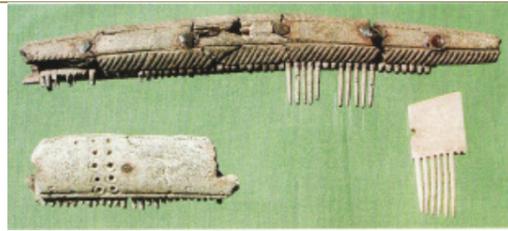
tweezers to a belt or girdle. Found in York, UK.



9th-11th Century Russian Volgabulgarian Ear Spoons.



5th-7th century AD. An unusual set of early Anglo-Saxon toilet implements, complete with their suspension ring. The first implement is a pointed rod about 82 mm long with a slight thickening above the point. The second is a rod of about 62mm length with a small dished section at the lower end. The third is a longer pointed rod of about 89 mm.



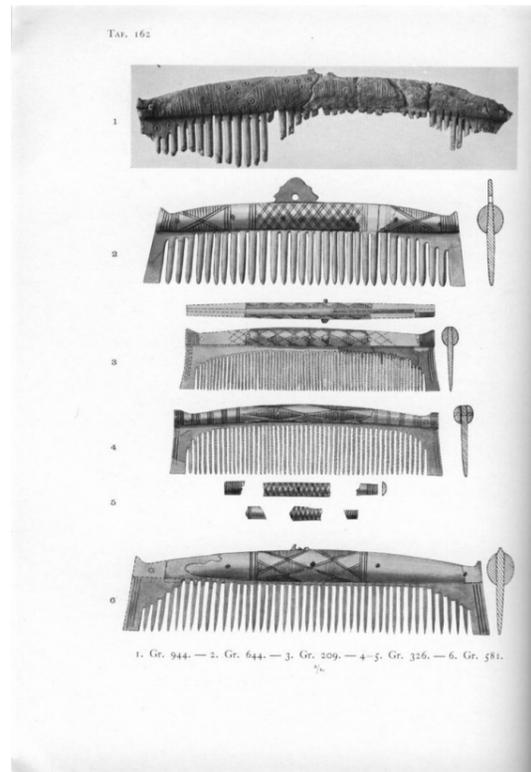
Sebber
Sebbersund, Aalborg historiske museum



Kam, Oseberg



Comb, pre-form Comb, pre-form. Bone/antler. Björkö, Adelsö, Uppland, Sweden. SHM 5208:818



Kamme Birka



Viking 'Bull's Eye' Comb. Viking 'Bull's Eye' Comb. Copper alloy, 9.07 grams. Circa 800 - 1000 A.D. Beautiful Viking comb, on one side is a wonderful ring and dot/bull's eye decorated. Above is a handle formed by three circles, the two either side broken to correspond with contours of the piece. Very Fine condition. Found Lake Ladoga



Mirror, fragments Glass Mirror glass was rare and used in small amounts as pocket mirrors or to decorate garments. Grave find, Björkö, Adelsö, Uppland, Sweden. SHM 34000:Bj 762



This Celtic (Iron Age) mirror from Portesham, Dorset, is a reported metal detector find



Desborough Mirror (ca. 100 BC) - one of the finest examples of La Tène, or 'Celtic' art from Britain. The plate was highly polished on one side to produce a reflective surface. One the back the plate was engraved with a complex design. A mirror would have been a powerful object in a world where reflections could only be glimpsed in water.

Lille borste med
borstehår af
horstængler:
Længde 11,4 cm,
bredde 1,5 cm.



Hedeby
Haithabu; Et portræt af en tidlig by - Hildegard Elsner